Word Level Learning	Sentence Level Learning
PARTS OF SPEECH Nouns (common, proper, possessive, singular/plural,	COMPLETE SENTENCES Simple
abstract/collective), appositives	Subject and predicate (verb clause) Prepositional phrases
PRONOUNS	Independent vs dependent clauses Compound
VERBS	Complex
Tense, forms of being, linking verbs, verb agreement	Fragments and run-ons Understand the difference between phrases and clauses
ADJECTIVES Adjectival phrases	TYPES OF SENTENCE
Articles - the/a, comparative/superlative adjectives, order of	Declarative
adjectives	Imperative
	Interrogative
Adverbial phrases - understand the difference between a clause and an adverbial phrase	Exclamatory <mark>Sentence structure variety</mark>
CONJUNCTIONS	
Coordinating/subordinating conjunctions (connectives)	
PREPOSITIONS	
PUNCTUATION	
Capitals and full stops Commas are used for certain complex sentences, when using	
phrases, transition words and adding appositives	
Dialogue punctuated correctly	

• Yellow highlight = Refreshed NZC, Non highlighted parts = British/Australian scope and sequence

Year Level	Sentence Knowledge/ Sentence Composition	Punctuation	Word Knowledge
	Consolidate Year 1 - 4 knowledge (TBC) befo	ore teaching the "tool"	•
Year 5/6	COMPLETE SENTENCESIndependent vs dependent clausesFragmentsRun-onsUnderstand the difference between phrases and clausesTYPES OF SENTENCESentence structure variety (simple, compound)ComplexStatement - question - command - exclamation E.g.Statement: I went to the shop Question: Would you like to go to the shop? 	PUNCTUATION Capitals and full stops Commas are used for certain complex sentences when using phrases, transition words and adding appositives Dialogue punctuated correctly	 PARTS OF SPEECH Appositives ADJECTIVES Adjectival phrases ADVERBS Adverbial phrases - understand the difference between a clause and an adverbial phrase CONJUNCTIONS Coordinating/subordinati ng conjunctions (connectives)

Resources taken from:

The Literacy Place - <u>https://www.theliteracyplace.com</u> The Writing Revolution Superteacher worksheets - <u>www.superteacherworksheets.com</u> @GoodChickenTeachingResources

Tuesday Toolbox R	esourcing	
Learning outcomes	Resourcing	Extras
Different types of sentences		
 Sentences Learn the new terminology of subject (WHO) and verb clause (predicate) (DO) to students. Understand what makes a sentence. Identify subject and verb clauses. 	□1 - Yr 5/6 Sentence	Teacher might test knowledge using a Kahoot to further reinforce the learning - <u>https://create.kahoot.it/d</u> <u>etails/128d6d3d-9b13-4c</u> <u>42-90ab-5e3553a95372</u>
 Phrases Learn the terminology of phrases. Review sentence knowledge from the previous lesson. Be able to identify a phrase and create sentences using them. 	2 - Yr 5/6 Phrases	Hands on activity for students + answer guide for teachers <u>Identifying phrases</u> , <u>subject and verb clauses</u> <u>activity</u>

 Clauses Learn the terminology of clauses and how a clause can be a stand-alone sentence or a part of a sentence A clause must have a subject and a verb and provide a complete thought. At this point, independent and dependent clauses have not been taught but this will come in the next lesson. 	🗖 3 - Yr 5/6 Clauses	 Teacher - Phrases vs Another activity for the class is the colouring activity - PhraseorClauseColo
 Independent and Dependent Clauses Learn the terminology of independent and dependent clauses and how a clause can be a stand-alone sentence or a part of a sentence. A clause must have a subject and a verb and provide a complete thought. An independent clause can stand alone - it makes sense by itself. A dependent clause cannot stand alone and it needs another clause for the meaning to be clear. 	□ 4 - Yr 5/6 Independ	 Independent and D Answers - Independ
 Simple Sentences Using the terminology of independent and dependent clauses, learn that a simple sentence has one independent clause. 	5 - Yr 5/6 Simple Se	Simple Sentence Pi
 Compound sentences Learn that a compound sentence comprises two independent clauses (simple sentences). 	🗖 6 - Yr 5/6 Compou	Compound-sentenc Another great activity is to tell a story using

 Learn the coordinating conjunctions. Learn about the use of commas in compound sentences before the coordinating conjunctions. 		conjunctions around the class to create the longest compound sentence in the world. Have FANBOYS up on the screen and begin. E.g. I went to the shop, but I forgot my wallet, so I had to walk back home and get my wallet Hands on activity - Parts of Sentences - please note there are blank ones to write on with students. Here is a poster for the classroom wall for reference - Copy of coordinatin And a card for student reference - Coordinating-conju
 Compound sentences Revise that a compound sentence comprises two independent clauses (simple sentences). Learn that coordinating conjunction is not the 	🗖 7 - Yr 5/6 Compou	CompoundSentenc

 only way to create compound sentences. Learn about the use of semicolons to create compound sentences. 		
 Complex sentences Learn that a complex sentence comprises an independent clause and a dependent clause. Learn about subordinating conjunctions. Students will learn that the order of the dependent and independent clauses changes the comma usage—if the dependent clause comes first in the sentence, a comma is required before the independent clause. Conversely, if the independent clause comes first, no comma is used before the dependent clause. 	■ 8 - Yr 5/6 Complex	Here is a copy of a poster with subordinating conjunctions for your wall - Subordinating conj and a card for student reference - Complex-sentence Hand students out the worksheet which requires them to identify the independent and dependent clauses, highlight the subordinating conjunction and play with the order of the sentence - SubordinatingConjunctio
 Revision of sentence types Students show an understanding of simple, compound, and complex sentences. This lesson recaps all the previous learning of sentence types. 	9 - Yr 5/6 Sentence	

 Students will make and use a fortune teller to test each other's understanding and memory of clauses, phrases, and sentence types. (I still need to add the activity - I think I am challenged as the origami is making me confused LOL)
--