NPGHS Strategic Plan 2024-2025

Vision Statement:

Our vision: To develop educated, confident young adults of outstanding character.

Our mission: We exist so that each young person has the opportunity to discover and develop the necessary knowledge, skills, values and character to enable them to fulfil their potential.

Underpinning our mission are three aspirational areas, or pillars, on which our development and strategic planning is based.

Equity and excellence: We are committed to an equitable education which allows students to unashamedly strive for personal excellence.

Culture and belonging: We embrace and sustain culture, identity, connection, and inclusion for all, prioritising giving life to Te Tiriti o Waitangi.

Engagement: We nurture engagement, leading to success for each ākonga/student as a person and a learner, so they have the courage to live their best life.

Our values: Whakamana, Haepapa , Whanaungatanga – Respect, Responsibility and Positive Relationships

Regulation 7 (a)

Summary of the information used to develop this plan/How did you create this plan

Data used - Evaluation of 2022 and 2023 annual plans, student learning data such as NCEA results and PAT results, teacher progress report grading, Wellbeing@School survey data, attendance data. Supplementary or proxy data including student feedback surveys, retention and leavers data, and staff readiness surveys for curriculum and NCEA changes were also taken into account.

Key themes from community – wanting their child to experience success, feel safe and be safe, have strong friendships and relationships, have a strong understanding of self/cultural identity and the freedom to express that, teachers who are strong with content and relationships, child to be seen as an individual. Parents and whānau increasingly want the school to focus on things that were traditionally taught by parents such as skills for home and values, personal development and dealing with disappointment, and greater encouragement by school for their child to opportunities and extra-curricular activities.

Ways of engaging - whānau hui, feedback from reporting surveys, analysis of concerns raised, hopes and aspirations survey (current Y9-12ākonga/student/students and whānau/family, incoming Y9 whānau), staff workshops.

Prioritising goals – Our approach is that a strategic goal or annual goal is not 'one and done' but needs to be part of an ongoing plan to ensure that initiatives are developed, implemented and then successfully embedded within the school culture. This means not having new goals every year, but committing to a goal until it is embedded or replaced by a more effective alternative action that has the same aims. For 2024-2025, selected goals are a combination of areas that were not fully achieved from the previous strategic plan and still remain relevant for improvement, the aspirations of students/families, the needs of staff, and areas the data shows some differences between learners. Our experience shows us that no more than three new strategic goals can be successfully developed in a cycle, with up to a further three that are related to previous goals included for implementation and embedding so that they become business as usual. Priority was given to new goals that are important to both our community and show as differences in the data.

Regulation 7 (c)

Strategic Goals These are your priorities for improvement which have been identified through your community consultation, your data and/or your ERO evaluations. You can have as many strategic goals as you need.	Which Board Primary Objective does this strategic goal work towards meeting? These are set out in Section 127 of the Education and Training Act 2020.	Links to Education requirements This includes National Education Learning Priorities, education strategies or plans and curriculum statements.	 What do you expect to see? What is the anticipated result of successful completion of your Objectives - at the end of 2 years (2024-2025). What evidence will you see of this? What shifts and changes to teachers' and leaders' practices, and learner outcomes do you expect to see as a result of the goals set and actions you will take? Refer Regulations 7(g) 	 How will we achieve or make progress towards our strategic goals? What high-level tangible steps will you take that will work towards achieving your strategic goals - these will then be broken down into more detail in the annual implementation plans. These must be based on the identities, needs and aspirations or your school community. Some of these need to show giving effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi and identifying and catering to students whose needs have not yet been well met. Refer Regulations 7(e), 7(f)
To provide ākonga/students with an engaging refreshed curriculum based on Te Mātaiaho which prioritises local knowledge, enables them to achieve qualifications, and prepares them for life beyond school in a globally connected Aotearoa. (Equity and Excellence - Develop/Implement)	1271a,1b,1c,1d.	NELP Priorities1,2,3,4,5,6,7Te MātaiahoThe literacy and Communication and Maths strategyCommon Practice ModelKa Hikitia – Ka HāpaitaiThe Action Plan for Pacific Education 2020-2030Te Atiawa Strategic Plan	Our school curriculum actively reflects Te Mātaiaho, our local knowledge, our community's priorities for their rangatahi or taiohi, and iwi priorities for education in our region. School leaders, Kaiako, whānau and ākonga/students are engaged in courses which allow students to pursue their interests and life goals, making progress and achieving success. Kaiako are clear and confident on the learning within our school curriculum, how that links to the revised NCEA assessment structure and are able to access and utilise all supports for student learning.	 We will implement the necessary curriculum refresh changes as released, through the ongoing development of our school curriculum. We will invite local hapū and iwi to contribute to the te matauranga Māori, te reo Māori, and tikanga included in the school curriculum and will encourage this collaboration through the Kāhui Ako. We will strengthen subject, school and Kāhui Ako connections with hapū and iwi. We will build awareness and grow understanding of Te Mātaiaho with kaiako, ākonga/students and whānau. We will engage in ongoing professional development opportunities related to Te Mātaiaho and the revised NCEA packages at L1, L2, L3.
			We have established systems and processes to measure and report on individual student progress with respect to the curriculum, and to track progress in NCEA.	We will prioritise ākonga/student progress in numeracy and literacy to support access to all parts of the curriculum, and to enable access to NCEA. This will include ensuring equitable access to numeracy and literacy support for all ākonga/students, particularly those who enter secondary school below the expected level in these areas. We will develop individual tracking methods to complement the existing cohort tracking already in place, and implement programmes to allow all students to be supported in their learning to experience challenge and experience success.

How will you measure success?

You might want to consider: How will you know how well you have achieved your goals? How will you evaluate impact and learn about what worked, why it worked and what to do next? What success indicators/tools/rubrics will you use to measure the shifts in practice and changes to learner outcomes? What sources of evidence will you gather to support your evaluation? Who will be involved in gathering and making sense of the evidence?

Refer Regulations 7(g)

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Collaborative relationships are established to support ongoing improvements in learner outcomes.

Engagement (at least annually) with ākonga/students, Kaiako and whānau measures understanding of our curriculum, connections to local knowledge, connections to global context, and an understanding of progression in the curriculum. Analysis of ākonga/student learning, and

progress achievement data shows positive outcomes for students.

Analysis of ākonga/student learning and progress achievement data shows positive outcomes for students, particularly in regard to the achievement of numeracy and literacy results throughout the school.

Annual wellbeing and belonging measures will continue to ensure that balance is maintained.

Strategic Goals These are your priorities for improvement which have been identified through your community consultation, your data and/or your ERO evaluations. You can have as many strategic goals as you need. Refer Regulations 7(1)(b)	Which Board Primary Objective does this strategic goal work towards meeting? These are set out in Section 127 of the Education and Training Act 2020.	Links to Education requirements This includes National Education Learning Priorities, education strategies or plans and curriculum statements.	What do you expect to see? What is the anticipated result of successful completion of your Objectives - at the end of 2 years (2024-2025). What evidence will you see of this? What shifts and changes to teachers' and leaders' practices, and learner outcomes do you expect to see as a result of the goals set and actions you will take? Refer Regulations 7(g)	 How will we achieve or make progress towards our strategic goals? What high-level tangible steps will you take that will work towards achieving your strategic goals - these will then be broken down into more detail in the annual implementation plans. These must be based on the identities, needs and aspirations or your school community. Some of these need to show giving effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi and identifying and catering to students whose needs have not yet been well met. Refer Regulations 7(e), 7(f)
To enable all ākonga/students to realise at least one year's progress for a year's learning, regardless of previous achievement or diverse abilities. (Equity and Excellence - Develop/Implement)	1271a 1b,1c,1d.	NELP Priorities1,2,3,4,5,6Te MātaiahoThe literacy and Communication and Maths strategyCommon Practice ModelKa Hikitia – Ka HāpaitaiThe Action Plan for Pacific Education 2020-2030The New Zealand Child and Wellbeing Strategy	School leaders, Kaiako, whānau and ākonga/students are engaged in courses which allow students to pursue their interests and life goals, making progress and achieving personal success. A thriving system of support for all learners, in the mainstream classroom and in purposefully directed hubs.	We will build awareness and grow understanding with kaiako, ākonga/students and whānau about the ways in which Te Mātaiaho can be differentiated for learning which meets ākonga/students where they are and challenges them to make progress. The aim will be for students to access mainstream learning with additional supports, including supported learning environments, as required. We will establish a 'supported learning' home class to engage students who enter NPGHS working below curriculum level 3 (or in some cases at e- asTTle level 3B) in reading, writing, and/or maths. We will support Gifted and Talented learners through provision of a range of individual and group events.
To enhance understanding of cultural competency in a range of contexts, including Te Ao Māori, and what this looks like at NPGHS. (Culture and Belonging – Implement/Embed)	1271a,1b,1c,1d.	NELP Priorities1,2,3,4,5,6NZSTA's guidance forgiving effect to Te Tiriti oWaitangi. Part 1 and Part 2Ka Hikitia – Ka HāpaitaiThe Action Plan for PacificEducation 2020-2030The New Zealand Child andWellbeing StrategyInside OutLow vision or hearingimpairment informationTātaiako: Culturalcompetencies for teachersof Māori learners.	Viewing diversity as an advantage, Kaiako work effectively in contexts to create situations where learners are able to connect new learning to their own prior knowledge and experiences. This may include supporting diversity such as low vision, deaf culture, neurodiverse communities, alongside Rainbow, Pasifika, and all groups of our community. Classrooms where ākonga/student's cultures are incorporated and enhanced. Their knowledge is valued and new knowledge is co-created by leveraging the cultural capital of all in the classroom. Ākonga/students and kaiako growing in their understanding and use of te reo me ōna tikanga Māori.	Through the Kāhui Ako, we will invite local hapū and iwi to contribute to the conversation about cultural competency and what this means for ākonga Māori. We will provide professional learning opportunities for staff to enhance their understanding of cultural competency in a diverse range of contexts. We will provide learning opportunities for Kaiako to assess or receive feedback on and then grow their knowledge of te reo me ōna tikanga Māori.

How will you measure success?

You might want to consider: How will you know how well you have achieved your goals? How will you evaluate impact and learn about what worked, why it worked and what to do next? What success indicators/tools/rubrics will you use to measure the shifts in practice and changes to learner outcomes? What sources of evidence will you gather to support your evaluation? Who will be involved in gathering and making sense of the evidence?

Refer Regulations 7(g)

Regular review and analysis of additional supports (may not be an IEP) shows supports are working to ensure a challenging environment is provided with appropriate supports. Parents/whānau and ākonga/students are positive about the support being offered.

Regular review and analysis of IEPs shows supports are working to ensure a challenging environment is provided with appropriate supports. Parents/whānau and ākonga/students are positive about the support being offered.

Focus groups of ākonga/students and whānau/families recount positive experiences for students.

Wellbeing@Schools survey data shows positive increases in relevant responses.

We will hear te reo used naturally and with increasing confidence by staff, both in informal and formal settings.

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		<u>Te Atiawa Strategic Plan</u>		Fewer instances of bullying and racism, with students feeling confident to be who they are and feel accepted.	We will take specific actions that are inclusive, celebrate diversity, anti-bullying and explicitly anti- racist. We will monitor their effect immediately and months later, particularly for the impact on students' strength in standing up for others.
Strategic Goals These are your priorities for improvement which have been identified through your community consultation, your data and/or your ERO evaluations. You can have as many strategic goals as you need.	Which Board Primary Objective does this strategic goal work towards meeting? These are set out in Section 127 of the Education and Training Act 2020.	Links to Education requirements This includes National Education Learning Priorities, education strategies or plans and curriculum statements.		What do you expect to see? What is the anticipated result of successful completion of your Objectives - at the end of 2 years (2024-2025). What evidence will you see of this? What shifts and changes to teachers' and leaders' practices, and learner outcomes do you expect to see as a result of the goals set and actions you will take?	 How will we achieve or make progress towards our strategic goals? What high-level tangible steps will you take that will work towards achieving your strategic goals - these will then be broken down into more detail in the annual implementation plans. These must be based on the identities, needs and aspirations or your school community. Some of these need to show giving effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi and identifying and catering to students whose needs have not yet been well met.
Refer Regulations 7(1)(b)	Refer Regulations 7(1)(b)	Refer Regulations 7(d)		Refer Regulations 7(g)	Refer Regulations 7(e), 7(f)
To increase the rate of ākonga/students attending school regularly. The definition of 'regular' is attendance of above 90%. (Engagement – Develop/Implement)	1271a,1b,1c,1d.	NELP Priorities1,2,3,4Attendance andEngagement StrategyThe New Zealand Child andWellbeing StrategyKa Hikitia – Ka HāpaitaiThe Action Plan for PacificEducation 2020-2030		We will see increasing numbers of students attending school regularly. Increased use of attendance data to identify and respond to issues for individuals, groups, and within our process or curriculum.	 We will communicate an expectation that parents, caregivers and whānau are responsible for making sure ākonga/students attend school every day, and prioritise processes which alert them to more serious attendance concerns. We will provide a welcoming environment where ākonga/students feel safe, physically and emotionally, and motivated for learning. Māori and Pasifika learners are disproportionately impacted by factors that disrupt engagement with learning. We will ensure that conversations <i>about</i> Māori are <i>with</i> Māori, which includes seeking advice from whānau Māori on how best to encourage attendance, and promote engagement. We will engage Pasifika whānau in a similar way.
To develop educationally powerful connections with ākonga/students and whānau which show ākonga/students how to learn and challenge them to achieve their personal best. (Engagement – Implement)	1271a,1b,1c,1d.	NELP Priorities 2,3,4,5,6, 7 <u>Te Mātaiaho</u> <u>The literacy and</u> <u>Communication and Maths</u> <u>strategy</u> <u>Common Practice Model</u> <u>Ka Hikitia – Ka Hāpaitai</u>		We will see ākonga/students willing to try, and to get the most out of a learning situation. Ākonga/students will have strategies to use when they don't know an answer or what to do.	 We will provide professional learning and support for staff so they are able to use deliberate strategies and practice with students to improve 'learnership'. We will build awareness and grow understanding of learner agency, habits of mind, and growth mindset with kaiako, ākonga/students and whānau. We will provide students with scaffolds to learn how to learn and manage challenges when tough or unfamiliar situations happen.

Staff surveys will show the difference they
might make for ākonga Māori by making progress in their own journey of te reo me
ōna tikanga.
Relevant Wellbeing@Schools data will be
monitored annually.
KAMAR incidents will be monitored at the time of interventions.
How will you measure success? You might want to consider: How will you know how well you have achieved your goals? How will you evaluate impact and learn about what worked, why it worked and what to do next? What success indicators/tools/rubrics will you use to measure the shifts in practice and changes to learner outcomes? What sources of evidence will you gather to support your evaluation? Who will be involved in gathering and making sense of the evidence?
Refer Regulations 7(g)
Regular reviews of attendance data shows positive improvements in regular attendance by ākonga/students.
positive improvements in regular attendance
positive improvements in regular attendance by ākonga/students. Note that some factors that are thought to improve attendance are included in other strategic goals, namely, engaging curriculum, cultural competency, support to learn,
 positive improvements in regular attendance by ākonga/students. Note that some factors that are thought to improve attendance are included in other strategic goals, namely, engaging curriculum, cultural competency, support to learn, educationally powerful connections. Engagement rubrics or surveys will be used to determine student confident in their approach to learning, using a variety of strategies, and feeling challenged in their

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Engagement rubrics, Wellbeing @School or other surveys will be used to determine student confidence in their approach to learning, using a variety of strategies, and feeling challenged in their work before and after implementation.

Through reflection, ākonga/students and their family or whānau will consider their established habits for success, evaluate their ability to identify what led to a successful outcome.